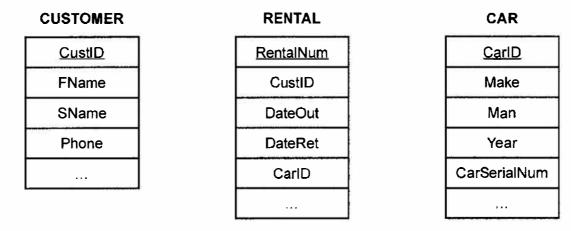
Option A — **Databases**

1. *Quick Rent-a-Car* is a popular car rental company in Chicago. The company stores information about the cars, customers and rental agreements.

The diagram below shows a part of the entity-relationship diagram (ERD) for the *Quick Rent-a-Car* database.



| (a) | (i) | State the type of relationship between the CUSTOMER table and the RENTAL table. | [1] |
|-----|-------|---|-----|
| | (ii) | State the name of one primary key. | [1] |
| | (iii) | State the name of the table that contains foreign keys. | [1] |

Some of the information held in the three tables in the *Quick Rent-a-Car* database is shown below:

CUSTOMER

| <u>CustiD</u> | FName | SName | Phone | |
|---------------|-------|----------|---------------|--|
| 4098 | Rod | Lever | 480-9225-9180 | |
| 6543 | Cador | Travolta | 708-4567-1012 | |
| 8265 | Ella | Hanks | 605-6543-1056 | |

RENTAL

| RentalNum | CustID | DateOut | DateRet | CarlD | |
|-----------|--------|------------|------------|---------|-----|
| 00000001 | 4098 | 22/01/2020 | 25/01/2020 | WRE2345 | ••• |
| 0000002 | 6543 | 22/01/2020 | 23/01/2020 | ELA3489 | |
| 0000003 | 8265 | 22/01/2020 | 26/01/2020 | ACC2345 | |
| 00000004 | 6543 | 24/01/2020 | 29/01/2020 | WEM6789 | |

[1]

[4]

CAR

(Option A, question 1 continued)

| | | | UAN | | | |
|---------|----------|----------|------|-------------------|-----|--|
| CarlD | Make | Man | Year | CarSerialNum | ••• | |
| WRE2345 | Pacifica | Chrysler | 2018 | 5Y2SP670X9Z459140 | | |
| DEF4567 | UX | Lexus | 2017 | 2CNDL73F456219488 | | |
| ELA3489 | ES350 | Lexus 🕗 | 2015 | 1FTFX28L7VNB18489 | ••• | |
| WEM6789 | Pacifica | Chrysler | 2018 | 8YTBN54K8CSD2879 | ••• | |
| ACC2345 | UX | Lexus | 2017 | 4DFBS43L0MNB3156 | | |
| DHE7623 | EF475 | Lexus | 2016 | 2GHKU98P1SWY456 | | |

(b) State the result from the following query:

SELECT Make FROM CAR WHERE Man = "Lexus" AND Year = 2016;

- (c) Outline **two** possible validation checks for the <u>CarID</u> attribute. You may assume that the <u>CarID</u> will always be in the format shown.
- (d) Identify the steps to create a query to find the surname (SName) of the customer who rented the car from 22 January 2020 (22/01/2020) until 26 January 2020 (26/01/2020). [4]
- (e) Explain why queries would be used to create views of the Quick Rent-a-Car database. [3]

Views of the database can also be created by using a query language.

- (f) Explain how a data definition language can be used to implement a data model such as the Quick Rent-a-Car database. [3]
- (g) Explain why maintaining data consistency is important in the Quick Rent-a-Car database. [3]

(Option A continues on the following page)

d) ELECT SNAME

FROM CUSTOMER, RENTAL WHERE CUS. CUSTIO = RETAL AT USE 1D AND RENTAL. Date Best >= 22/01/2020 AND RENTAL. Bate Ret <= 26/01/2020

[1]

[4]

(Option A continued)

- 2. Database recovery is performed when disasters, hardware failures or application problems occur. Database administrators have to make decisions about which type of database recovery strategy to use.
 - (a) Identify **one** factor that a database administrator could consider when choosing a database recovery strategy.
 - (b) Describe two methods of database recovery that a database administrator can carry out. [4]

Many organizations are concerned about staff having access to sensitive or inappropriate data.

- (c) Describe two methods organizations could use to ensure that staff do not have access to sensitive or inappropriate data.
- 3. Artisan College has the following data about students and the courses they have chosen.

STUDENT table

| <u>Student</u> ID | 5 Name | BName | MajorlD | Major | CourseNum | CourseName |
|-------------------|---------------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 2907 | Smith | Jacob | ΜΑΤ | Mathematics | MAT0011 MAT0027 EGL0010 | Discrete Maths Calculus I Classics I |
| 4019 | Paterson | Jane | PHI | Philosophy | PHI0010 CS00100 | Philosophy Programming 1 |
| 5145 | Neeld | Norris | EGL | English | SOC0102 | Ascent of man |
| 6132 | Morrison | Xavier | MUS | Music | MUS0002 SOC0102 | Origin of jazz Ascent of man |
| 8966 | Juarez | Samantha | EGL | English | EGL0010 EGL0101 | Classics I Shakespeare II |

The table can also be represented in the following form.

| STUDENT | <u>(StudentID,</u> | FName, | SName, | MajorID, | Major, | CourseNum, | CourseName) |
|---------|--------------------|--------|--------|----------|--------|------------|-------------|
|---------|--------------------|--------|--------|----------|--------|------------|-------------|

- (a) Outline why this table is not in 1st Normal Form (1NF). [2]
- (b) Construct the 3rd Normal Form (3NF) of the unnormalized relation shown above. [8]
- (c) Explain the importance of data modelling in the design of a database. [5]

(Option A continued)

| 4. | Lact | o Dairy Products has data stored in a data warehouse. | |
|----|-------|--|-----|
| | (a) | Define the term data warehouse. | [2] |
| | Lact | o Dairy Products uses a network data model. | |
| | (b) | Describe two characteristics of a network data model. | [4] |
| | | is obtained from a number of different sources. This data needs to be extracted, sformed and loaded into the data warehouse. | |
| | (c) | Outline two ways Extract, Transform, Load (ETL) processes can be used to clean up data for the data warehouse. | [4] |
| | | o Dairy Products supplies dairy products directly to both wholesalers ¹ and retailers ² . o Dairy Products have different pricing models for wholesalers and retailers. | |
| | (d) | Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Lacto Dairy Products using data segmentation. | [5] |
| | | analytics, such as the analysis of data held in data warehouses, can assist the agers at <i>Lacto Dairy Products</i> in their future decision making. | |
| | (e) | Explain why data analytics can be used to assist the managers of <i>Lacto Dairy Products</i> in their future decision making. | [5] |
| | | | |
| 1 | holos | plan a parson or company that have large quantities of goods from various | |

¹ wholesaler: a person or company that buys large quantities of goods from various producers or vendors, and resells to retailers

² retailer: a person or company that sells goods to the public

End of Option A

Option B — Modelling and simulation

5. A restaurant is concerned about the increase in its electricity bills as it uses electricity for cooking, refrigeration, heating, air conditioning, air extraction systems and lighting.

The electricity bill is paid every month and is based on a daily charge of \$0.75 with a charge of \$0.20 per unit of electricity used.

The table below shows the electricity usage from the previous year.

| Month | Electricity use (Units) | Days in month |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|
| January | 5800 | 31 |
| February | 5000 | 28 |
| March | 5200 | 31 |
| April | 4800 | 30 |
| May | 4750 | 31 |
| June | 4900 | 30 |
| July | 5500 | 31 |
| August | 6500 | 31 |
| September | 5600 | 30 |
| October | 5960 | 31 |
| November | 5850 | 30 |
| December | 6280 | 31 |

A tax of 10% is applied to the total bill.

The restaurant would like to create a computer model of its electricity usage using data from the previous year.

| (a) | Define the term computer model. | [1] |
|-------|--|-----|
| (b) | State three variables and their data type that could be used in the computer model. | [3] |
| (c) | Construct the pseudocode that will input the units used in each month and the days in each month to calculate and output the electricity bill for the restaurant in any month and the quantity of electricity used per day. | [5] |
| (d) | Outline one limitation of this model in helping the restaurant owners to save money on their electricity bills. | [2] |
| ion F | continues on the following nage) | |

(Option B, question 5 continued)

The model needs to determine the months with the highest and lowest electricity usage.

| | (e) | State | e two ways that this model could be implemented. | [2] | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (f) | Cons | struct the pseudocode to provide the restaurant owner with this information. | [8] | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Governments use simulations to help them to decide how their resources will be allocated in the future. This enables them to predict how much income they will require from sources such as taxation. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | ation needs to consider information such as the size of the population, the income on and the expenditure on healthcare and education. | | | | | | | | |
| | Infor | matior | n is collected every three years. | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Desc | ribe the difference between a model and a simulation in the context of this scenario. | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | (i) | Outline one advantage of a government using a simulation to predict how resources will be allocated in the future. | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | Outline one disadvantage of a government using a simulation to predict how resources will be allocated in the future. | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | ribe two ways that the collection of data could be improved to enhance the racy of this simulation. | [4] | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Discuss whether the ethical concerns expressed by citizens about the collection of data are justified. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. | (a) | (i) | State one example of 2D visualization. | [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | State one example of 3D visualization. | [1] | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Desc | ribe the significance of a key frame in the process of completing 3D visualization. | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | A computer game makes use of 3D animation and involves game characters that move throughout different scenes. | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Explain the implications of 3D animation on computer resources during the creation of this game. | | | | | | | | | | |

(Option B continued)

| 8. | Autonomous vehicles, or self-driving cars, make use of genetic algorithms. | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) | a) Outline how a genetic algorithm is iterative. | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Outl | ine the role of the fitness function in a genetic algorithm. | [2] | | | | | |
| Autonomous vehicles can be controlled by the "drivers" using verbal commands which can be "learned" by either supervised or unsupervised learning. | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | (i) | Outline one benefit of using supervised learning in order for the autonomous vehicle to learn verbal commands. | [2] | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | Outline one benefit of using unsupervised learning in order for the autonomous vehicle to learn verbal commands. | [2] | | | | | |
| | (d) | Explain the advances in natural language processing that will ensure the autonomous vehicle responds appropriately to verbal commands. | | [5] | | | | | |
| | (e) | Explain why there are differences between human and machine learning of a language. | | | | | | | |
| | (f) | Des | cribe the use of a chatbot. | [2] | | | | | |

End of Option B

Option C — Web Science

9. Sonia is a student at an international school and is developing her skills in building websites. The computer science teacher at the school directed her to an online resource site that provides tutorials. She provided her with the uniform resource locator (URL) of this site.

| | (a) | Define the term <i>uniform resource locator</i> (URL). | [1] | | | |
|--|-----|--|-----|--|--|--|
| | (b) | Describe how a domain name server (DNS) functions. | [3] | | | |
| The site uses the protocol HTTPS. | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Identify two characteristics of HTTPS. | [2] | | | |
| | (d) | Distinguish between a protocol and a standard. | [2] | | | |
| The internet protocol (IP) has three basic characteristics: connectionless, best effort and media independent. | | | | | | |
| | (e) | Outline what the term connectionless means in the context of the transmission of a page request. | [2] | | | |
| | | | | | | |

[3]

(Option C continued)

10. Below is a fragment of the code from a web page.

| Ŕ | | | | | |
|--|--|--|-----|--|--|
| | <pre>\$sql = "INSERT INTO GuestsTable (FirstName, Surname, Email, Cellphone) VALUES('Sonia', 'Smith', 'sonia@smith.com', '+61231456789')";</pre> | | | | |
| i | e else | <pre>conn->query(\$sql) === TRUE) { cho "New record created successfully"; e { cho "Error.".\$sql." ".\$conn->error;</pre> | | | |
| (a) | (i) | Describe the process outlined in the code fragment above. | [3] | | |
| | (ii) | Describe how the common gateway interface (CGI) enables the execution of scripts on a server. | [3] | | |
| It is possible to increase the visibility of a website using search engine optimization. | | | | | |
| (b) | (i) | Identify two techniques used in search engine optimization. | [2] | | |

(ii) Explain why incoming and outgoing links are significant factors in search results. [4]

Search engines frequently undertake web-indexing.

(c) Describe how a web crawler would index a webpage.

A limitation of commonly used search engines is that they can only access part of the web. They are unable to access the deep web.

(d) Suggest why the problem of not being able to access the deep web could increasingly become a problem for search engines. [4]

(Option C continued)

11. Many people use online resources like peer-2-peer (P2P) networks to access music and movies from their mobile phones.

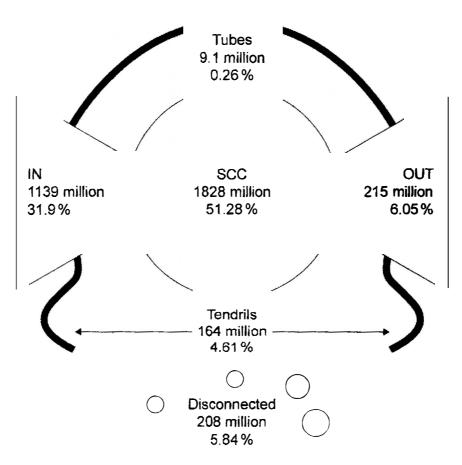
- 11 -

- (a) Identify two characteristics of a peer-2-peer network. [2]
 A user downloads an album and an eBook about an artist from a file sharing site. The site uses lossy compression.
 (b) Evaluate the appropriateness of lossy compression for both the album and the eBook. [6]
 An artist has been encouraged to join a cloud-based photosharing site.
 (c) Identify two characteristics of cloud computing. [2]
 - (d) To protect their intellectual property the artist considers two methods of protecting their work.
 - Requiring the viewer to join the site and protecting the images behind the log in.
 - Using a script to disable the "save image" option in the drop down menu.

Evaluate these **two** methods of protecting the artist's intellectual property. [6]

(Option C continued)

12. The model below shows the bowtie graph representing the internet. It is a based on data from a 2012 hyperlink graph crawl.



The crawl visited approximately 3500 million nodes and discovered 128 000 million edges.

| (a) | (i) | Define the term <i>node</i> . | [1] | | |
|---|------|---|-----|--|--|
| | (ii) | Define the term edge. | [1] | | |
| The strongly connected core (SCC) contains 51.8% of the nodes discovered in this crawl. | | | | | |
| (b) | lden | tify two characteristics of a node in the SCC. | [2] | | |

Identify two characteristics of a node in the SCC. (b)

(Option C, question 12 continued)

A directed sub-graph can be used to represent a portion of the World Wide Web (WWW).

(c) Draw a directed sub-graph representing the structure described below. Use arrows to represent the direction of edges and circles to represent the nodes.

A, B and C are IN nodes.

D, E, F, G are nodes located in the SCC.

H and I are OUT nodes.

Т

In addition, node C connects directly to node I.

[4]

In earlier representations of the bowtie model the size of the IN and OUT portions are equal.

| IN | SCC | OUT |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 44 million | 56 million | 44 million |
| 21 % | 27 % | 21 % |

The percentage of websites in the IN portion has changed from 21 % in 2000 to approximately 32% in 2012.

The percentage of websites in the OUT portion has changed from 21 % in 2000 to approximately 6% in 2012.

(d) Suggest why the percentages in the IN and OUT portions have changed between 2000 and 2012.

In 2001, Tim Berners-Lee said the semantic web was "an extension of the current one, in which information is given well-defined meaning, better enabling computers and people to work in cooperation".

In 2011, the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) described the semantic web as providing "a common framework that allows data to be shared and reused across applications, enterprise, and community boundaries".

- (e) Identify **two** characteristics of collective intelligence. [2]
- (f) Discuss the significance of ontologies and folksonomies in the development of the semantic web.

End of Option C

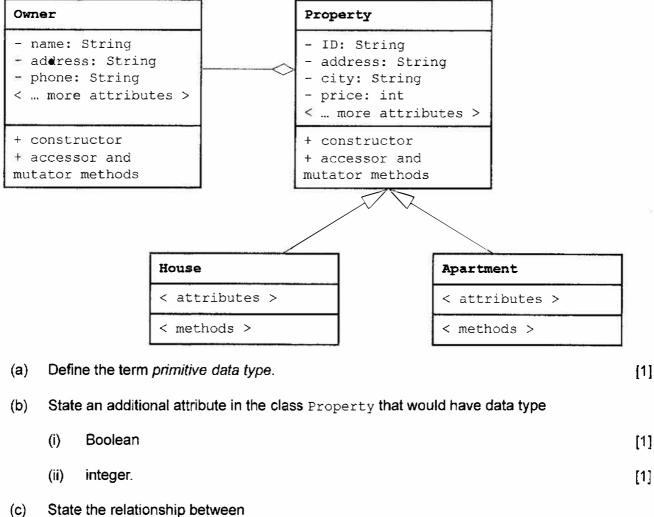
[6]

[4]

Option D — Object-oriented programming

13. A real estate business maintains an unsorted database of houses and apartments that it tries to sell for the property owners.

The following UML diagram describes the objects in the current system.



(i) Owner and Property [1] (ii) House and Property. [1] (d) Distinguish between a class and an instantiation in this scenario. [2] Outline how the modifier static affects how a variable is used. (e) [2] (f) Describe how the modifier static could be used to access the total number of both House and Apartment objects that have been created in this system. [2]

(Option D continues on the following page)

[1]

(Option D, question 13 continued)

The object-oriented software solution that implements this system for the real estate business allows a customer to select a maximum of 10 houses that he or she is interested in. These houses are stored in an array wishList of type House.

| | (g) | Construct the code needed to instantiate an array wishList that can store a maximum of 10 House objects. | [3] |
|-----|--|--|-----|
| 14. | (a) | Define the term <i>encapsulation</i> . | [1] |
| | (b) | Explain one benefit provided by encapsulation. | [3] |
| | The real estate business is planning to expand its database to include student housing. These "houses" are usually single rooms in a privately owned house. | | |
| | (c) | Explain one benefit of using inheritance to create a new class Room. | [3] |
| | Man | y of the prospective students have an international background. | |
| | (d) | Explain one feature of modern programming languages that allows for internationalization. | [3] |

[7]

(Option D continued)

15. All the unsorted House objects in the database have been copied to a sufficiently large array allHouses. This array is not completely filled with House objects.

The array allHouses and all methods in this question are declared in the main program class. All methods can access the array allHouses directly.

Consider the following method.

```
public void unknown(String x)
{
  for (int i=0; i<allHouses.length; i++)
   {
    if (allHouses[i].getCity().equals(x))
      {
        output (allHouses[i].getAddress());
    }
}</pre>
```

[2] (a) Define the term *method signature*. (b) Describe how the original String variable, passed to a method as a parameter, can be assigned a new value by that method. [2] (C) State the intended purpose of the method unknown. [1] Outline the runtime error that is likely to occur if this method is called. (d) (i) [2] (ii) Outline how this error can be corrected. [2] (e) Construct the code for the method houseSort that will sort the array allHouses in ascending order of price. [5] A method is needed to select from the original unsorted array allHouses the three most expensive houses below or equal to a given price. (f) Construct the code for the method selectThree that will take an integer parameter budget. It must return a sorted array of size 3 that contains the three most expensive House objects (in ascending order of price) with a price that is less than or equal to budget. You may assume that the array allHouses contains at least three House objects

with a price less than or equal to budget. As part of your answer you should use the method houseSort() as developed in part (e).

(Option D continued)

16. Once a month the real estate business organizes an open day for a particular house.

Interested clients can sign up by giving their name and phone number to the real estate business.

This information is stored in a list node ClientNode as follows.

```
public class ClientNode
{
 private String name;
 private String phone;
 private boolean attended;
 private ClientNode next;
 public ClientNode (String aName, String aPhone)
      ſ
    this.name = aName;
   this.phone = aPhone;
    this.attended = false;
    this.next = null;
 public String getName()
  {
    return this.name;
 public String getClient()
 {
    return this.name+" "+this.phone;
 public void setAttended()
  {
   attended = true;
 public ClientNode getNext()
  {
    return this.next;
 public void setNext(ClientNode nextNode)
    this.next = nextNode;
```

(a) Identify two features of an abstract data type (ADT).

[2]

(Option D, question 16 continued)

A new class ClientList is implemented as outlined below.

```
public class ClientList
{
   ClientNode root;
   // default constructor
   void enList(ClientNode visitor)
   {
    ... adds visitor to the end of the list - missing code ...
   }
   boolean isEmpty()
   {
    return (root==null);
   }
   ... more methods ...
}
```

A list openDay has been instantiated of the type ClientList.



(b) Describe the meaning of the following statement.

```
openDay.enList(new ClientNode("Sophie Bella", "072456721"));
```

(c) By using object references, construct the method enList that allows a client to be added to the end of the list openDay.

The attendance of potential buyers is tracked during the open day by changing the attended variable to true when a potential buyer arrives.

At the end of the day, the list openDay is processed so that every potential buyer that attended is added to new list hasAttended and every potential buyer that did not attend is added to a new list notAttended.

(d) Without writing code, outline the steps involved in splitting the list openDay into a list hasAttended and a list notAttended.

(Option D continues on the following page)

[3]

[5]

[4]

(Option D, question 16 continued)

The real estate business keeps the data of all past owners in a file for future reference. This file is sorted by owner name. When needed, this file is read into a LinkedList called contacts, which has been instantiated as follows.

private LinkedList<Owner> contacts = new LinkedList<Owner>();

(e) Construct a recursive binary search method given as

public Owner binSearch(String name, int low, int high)

where name is the search term.

You may assume that contacts is accessible to binSearch and that it has been filled with many objects.

You may use the following standard LinkedList method.

.get(int index)

This returns the object located in the LinkedList at index.

[6]

End of Option D